

DIFFERENTIATION FORMULA	INTEGRATION FORMULA
$\frac{d}{dx}[C] = 0$	$\int 0 dx = C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[kx] = k$	$\int k dx = kx + C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[kf(x)] = kf'(x)$	$\int kf(x) dx = k \int f(x) dx + C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \pm g(x)] = f'(x) \pm g'(x)$	$\int [f(x) \pm g(x)] dx = \int f(x) dx \pm \int g(x) dx + C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[x^n] = nx^{n-1}$	$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C, n \neq -1$
$\frac{d}{dx}[\sin x] = \cos x$	$\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[\cos x] = -\sin x$	$\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[\tan x] = \sec^2 x$	$\int \sec^2 x dx = \tan x + C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[\sec x] = \sec x \tan x$	$\int \sec x \tan x dx = \sec x + C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[\cot x] = -\csc^2 x$	$\int \csc^2 x dx = -\cot x + C$
$\frac{d}{dx}[\csc x] = -\csc x \cot x$	$\int \csc x \cot x dx = -\csc x + C$

1. Fix the error(s) in the following antiderivatives. Hint: Find the derivative of the result.

a. $\int x^5 dx = x^6 + C$

$$\text{b. } \int 3 \sin x dx = 3 \cos x + C$$

$$\text{c. } \int \sqrt{x} dx = 2x^{-1/2} + C$$

2. Evaluate the following integrals.

$$\text{a. } \int \frac{4x^2 - 3x + \sqrt[3]{x}}{2x^4} dx$$

$$\text{b. } \int \frac{\sec x \tan x}{2} dx$$

c. $\int dx$

d. $\int \left(\sec^2 x - \frac{2}{x^5} - \csc x \cot x \right) dx$

3. Solve the differential equation.

$$y' = 2 \cos x - 5x^9$$